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**Освещение Крымской войны в британской прессе в
период осады Севастополя**

Работа выполнена в рамках проекта РГГУ «Медиапублицистика в историко-политическом и культурологическом контексте» (конкурс «Студенческие проектные научные коллективы РГГУ»).





Оборона
Севастополя
25 сентября 1854
– 11 сентября
1855 г.



Серии статей, появившиеся в **The Times** в период осады Севастополя

The Battle Of The Alma (Битва при Альме) – ряд статей, начавшийся 12-го октября 1854

“The victory of the Alma has been celebrated among us in a manner agreeable to the genius of the people. There has not been either illumination, or sound of rejoicing. There has been no distribution of orders or pompous ceremonial. We do not sing our Te Deums so much for victory as for peace”

Серии статей, появившиеся в **The Times** в период осады Севастополя

The Battle Of Inkermann (Инкерманское сражение) – это ряд статей, начавшийся 23 ноября 1854

“The French were drawn up in three bodies of about 2,000 men each on the ridge of the hills over Balaklava, watching the movements of the Russian cavalry in the plain below. As I came up the enemy were visible, drawn out in six divisions, with the artillery and infantry ready to act, and horses saddled and bridled. It was evident they were waiting for the signal to dash up the hills in our rear, and sabre our flying regiments. They had a long time to wait!”

Серии статей, появившиеся в The Times в период осады Севастополя

Серия статей *Siege of Sebastopol (Осада Севастополя)*

“Prince Menschikoff, in a report made to the Emperor, and dated the 3-th of September, states that after having executed his flank movement from Sebastopol towards Bakshiserai, he was ready to take the offensive on the first favorable opportunity”

“The force in the siege works consists of 3,600 men, and 60,000 men, with 150 guns, are posted on the left bank of the Tchernaya to protect the besiegers. Prince Menschikoff is in want of provisions and ammunition”

“The garrison of Sebastopol, after sustaining infernal fire, repulsed six assaults, but could not drive the enemy from the Bornileff Bastion (the Malakhoff Tower). Our brave troops, who resorted to the last extremity, are now crossing over to the northern part of Sebastopol”

Серии статей, появившиеся в *The Times* в период осады Севастополя

Серия статей *The British expedition to the East* (*Британская экспедиция на Восток*)

“On Monday morning, at 3 o'clock, the Light Division of the British army, commanded by Sir George Brown, and consisting of the 7th, 19th, 23d, 33d, 77th, and 88th Regiments, with part of the 8th Hussars, the 17th Lancers, and a portion of a battery of artillery consisting of four guns attached, commenced its march from this by striking tents and getting baggage in readiness, and after breakfast proceeded on their way to their new encampment between Kojuk and Devna (called in some of the maps Dewnos”

ВЫВОД

Обращает на себя внимание откровенная политическая составляющая статей. Британия не горела желанием делиться плодами своих побед и уж тем более, мириться с тем, что эти победы принижают. Это нашло отражение и в статьях, которые, несмотря на активную критику британского командования, постоянно напоминали читателям о скорой победе, правом деле и несокрушимости войск Её Величества.



Спасибо за внимание!

